HYPOGLYCAEMIA

LOW Blood Glucose Level

Signs and Symptoms

Symptoms may not always be obvious

DO NOT leave student UNATTENDED DO NOT delay TREATMENT

Student unconscious /drowsy

(Risk of choking/unable to

swallow)

First Aid - Place student

on their side

Stay with

unconscious student

Call an

Ambulance

Dial 000

Contact Parent

or Guardian when

safe to do so

Student conscious & cooperative (Able to eat hypo food)

Hypo Treatment or Fast Acting Carb:

Recheck BGL after 15 mins

Parent / Guardians Name:

Contact No:

2016 Diabetes **School Action Plan**

Management Type: INSULIN PUMP

[to be used in conjunction with management plan]



Student Name:

School:

The insulin pump continually delivers insulin.

Plus, the pump will deliver insulin based on carb and BGL.

All BGL results must be entered into pump.

Student able to button push:

independently

with supervision

with assistance

Routine BGL checking times

- Anytime, anywhere in the school
- Prior to lunch and other times as per management plan
- Any time hypo is suspected or student feels unwell
- Prior to physical activity
- Prior to exams or tests

HYPERGLYCAEMIA

HIGH Blood Glucose Level HIGH BGLs are not uncommon

Signs and Symptoms

There may be no signs and symptoms

Student Well

(Re-check BGL in 2 hours)

Student Unwell

(e.g. vomiting)

Encourage oral fluids, return to class

(1-2 glasses water per hour)

Contact Parent/ Guardian

to collect student ASAP

In 2 hours, if BGL still call parent/ guardian for advice

Date:

Hospital:

Treating DNE:

Contact No:



